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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALASKA

CELESTE BARRAS,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	
)	
HEALTHSOUTH MEDICAL CLINICS OF))	
ANCHORAGE, LLC & U.S.)	
HEALTHWORKS HOLDING CO., INC.,))	
)	
Defendants.)	
_____)	Case No. A05-0174-CV (JWS)

**MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION
OF FRCP 26 DISCLOSURES AND TO IMPOSE SANCTIONS**

I. Introduction

Defendants HealthSouth Medical Clinics of Anchorage, LLC and U.S. Healthworks Holding Co. Inc. (collectively "Defendants") have moved pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure ("FRCP") 37(a) and D. Ak. 37.1(a) - (b) for an order compelling plaintiff Celeste Barras ("Barras") to produce her

FRCP 26(a) Initial Disclosures and imposing sanctions upon Barras for her ongoing discovery violations.

II. Factual History

This lawsuit was initially filed by Barras in April 2003 in the Superior Court for the State of Alaska at Anchorage. Barras filed suit after the Anchorage Equal Rights Commission dismissed her underlying charge of race discrimination on the basis that "no substantial evidence existed" to support her allegations. Pursuant to the Alaska Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendants produced their Rule 26 disclosures within the time period set forth in the Superior Court's planning order. Barras did not produce her required disclosures. In fact, despite Defendants' notice that (voluminous) documents responsive to Rule 26 (a) were available for Barras' inspection and/or copying, Barras' counsel, Kenneth P. Jacobus, declined to do either.

In July 2005, Defendants removed this case to the U.S. District Court at Anchorage after Barras alleged, for the first time, claims under the Family Medical Leave Act of 1993 and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as Amended.

On December 8, 2005, the Court issued a "Schedule and Planning Order" directing that Preliminary Disclosures shall be exchanged by December 30, 2005. On that date, Barras filed a motion, which the Court subsequently granted, for a 30-day

enlargement of time on all existing deadlines in order to substitute new counsel. On December 28 or 29, 2005, attorney Darryl L. Jones, ostensibly new counsel for Barras, requested Defendants' Rule 26 disclosures be copied and sent for his review. Defendants promptly complied. On January 30, 2006, Barras failed yet again to produce her disclosures.

In a letter dated February 16, 2006, Defendants' counsel informed Mr. Jacobus that Barras' FRCP 26 disclosures were overdue and requested they be produced.¹ Barras did not comply. On March 10, 2006, pursuant to defense counsel's discussion with Messrs. Jacobus and Jones, Barras agreed to produce her Rule 26 disclosures by Monday, April 10, 2006.² Barras failed to meet this deadline as well. On April 17, 2006, defense counsel sent a "final" letter to Messrs. Jacobus and Jones requesting Barras produce her FRCP disclosures by April 19, 2006 or Defendants would file a motion to compel and move for sanctions.³ Neither Mr. Jacobus nor Mr. Jones responded.

On Friday, April 21, 2006, defense counsel contacted Mr. Jacobus by telephone in one final attempt to get Barras to

1 **See Exhibit A**, 2/16/06 Letter from Patricia A. Vecera to Kenneth P. Jacobus (cc: Darryl L. Jones).

2 **See Exhibit B**, 3/24/06 Letter from Patricia A. Vecera to Kenneth P. Jacobus memorializing earlier discussion (cc: Darryl L. Jones).

3 **See Exhibit C**, 4/17/06 Letter from Patricia A. Vecera to Kenneth P. Jacobus requesting disclosures by April 19, 2006 or defendants would file motion to compel (cc: Darryl L. Jones).

produce her disclosures.⁴ Mr. Jacobus advised defense counsel that he was no longer representing Barras and requested we speak directly with Mr. Jones.⁵ Defense counsel advised Mr. Jacobus that, although Mr. Jones had been copied with all correspondence, he had not yet entered an appearance on behalf of Barras and therefore Mr. Jacobus was still ultimately responsible for complying with the Court's deadlines.⁶ Mr. Jacobus essentially indicated that the matter was out of his hands and that Barras' lawsuit was "*no longer [his] case.*"⁷

III. Argument

FRCP 26(a)(1) obligates parties to provide disclosures within 14 days after the parties' scheduling conference or by the date set forth in the court's scheduling order. If a party fails to respond, FRCP 37(a) permits the party to whom disclosures are due to move for an order compelling a response. In addition, FRCP 37(a)(4)(A) and D. Ak. LR 37.1 provide for the imposition of sanctions where the discovery violation is deemed willful.

Barras' failure to provide her required disclosures and/or to respond to repeated requests from Defendants to comply with her discovery obligations can be characterized as nothing less than willful. Barras has failed to meaningfully respond to

4 **See Exhibit D**, Affidavit of Patricia A. Vecera at ¶ 2.

5 *Id.*

6 *Id.*

7 *Id.*

any of Defendants' multiple requests for compliance. Barras' counsel's statement that he is no longer representing Barras is simply unacceptable given (1) the length of time that has elapsed since the discovery was initially due, (2) the failure of Barras or her counsel to explain why she is unable to respond within a reasonable time period, and (3) the fact Mr. Jacobus has not yet file a motion to withdraw as counsel, nor has Mr. Jones filed an entry of appearance.

Barras and her counsel have literally ignored this case since it was filed in 2003. In addition, Barras' unwillingness to comply with mandatory discovery obligations has impaired the Defendants' ability to defend themselves by further delaying the scheduling of Barras' deposition.⁸ Barras' lawsuit alleges a variety of federal and state claims. Defendants are entitled to review all the required disclosures under FRCP 26, including any and all documents and information relevant to her claims asserted against Defendants.

IV. Conclusion

⁸ See, e.g., *Adriana Int'l Corp. v. Thoeren*, 913 F.2d 1406, 1412 (9th Cir. 1990) ("A defendant suffers prejudice if the plaintiff's actions impair the defendant's ability to go to trial or threaten to interfere with the rightful decision of the case . . ."); *Cooperative Finance Ass'n, Inc. v. Garst*, 917 F.Supp. 1356, 1374 (N.D. Iowa 1996) ("Party is prejudiced by failure to comply with discovery if failure to make discovery impairs a party's ability to determine factual merits of opponent's claims or defenses.")

In accordance with FRCP 37(a) and D. Ak. LR 37.1(a), Defendants' undersigned counsel certifies that she has made a good faith effort to informally resolve the issues raised by this motion but has been unable to do so. Defendants respectfully request the Court order Barras to promptly produce her FRCP Rule 26 initial disclosures and impose corresponding sanctions for her repeated discovery violations.

DATED at Anchorage, Alaska, this 24th day of April 2006.

s/Patricia A. Vecera
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Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that on April 24, 2006, a copy of the foregoing Motion to Compel Production of FCRP 26 Disclosures and to Impose Sanctions was served electronically on Kenneth P. Jacobus

s/Patricia A. Vecera